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AL-QADHDHAFI ADDRESSES MARCHERS IN TRIPOLI

FBI-MEA-76-73

Tripoli Domestic Service in Arabic 1730 GMT 13 Apr 76 JN

[Excerpt] A massive popular march was staged this morning from Tarhunah to the RCC headquarters in Tripoli, where the marchers met with the leader of the revolution and the trustee of Arab nationalism, Brother Colonel Mu'ammarr al-Qadhdhafi. The masses reaffirmed their support for and cohesion with the revolution and its leader. They denounced the vicious campaigns launched by those fronting for imperialism and Zionism in Egypt and Tunisia against the Great 1 September Revolution, its leader and the masses. Amid the great crowd that assembled in front of the RCC headquarters, voices were raised cheering the Great 1 September Revolution and the leader of the sons who believe in life. They called for the death of the enemies of the 1 September Revolution and the enemies of the Arab revolution and its masses.

Addressing the masses of the revolution, whom the rotten reactionary regimes in Egypt and Tunisia have attacked together with their great revolutionary achievements, the leader of the revolution delivered a speech. He began by greeting the masses and asserting that faith in the future, pride in the past and confidence in the present have made tens of thousands stage daily marches. The leader of the revolution asked: Which of the reactionary Arab regimes around us can motivate tens and hundreds of thousands every day? He said: Faith in the revolution, the affirmation of revolutionary achievements, and confidence in the future have motivated hundreds of thousands everyday, but empty trumpeting, deception, and misleading tactics can motivate no one. He continued: Let those around us hear and see what the Great 1 September Revolution has achieved. These are the fruits of the popular revolution; this is the result of the revolutionary program, of the detonation of the popular revolution and of telling the masses the truth and placing power in their hands.

Addressing the roaring masses, he said: Today a new bastion of the revolution has emerged. It is the city of Tarhunah, with its marching masses who have been motivated by their faith in freedom as tens of thousands have previously been motivated to stage popular marches.

Referring to the stand of the agent reactionary regimes toward the revolution, its masses and its achievements, the leader said: We would point out to those around us who fear the masses and a popular revolution that when the popular revolution was declared in the Libyan Arab Republic, the reactionary regimes in the Arab homeland were very terrified. They told us at that time that it was dangerous for the masses to assume power. They said that it was wrong to declare a popular revolution and to let hundreds of thousands have a free reign. They said the the people should be governed by police rule and that power should be in the hands of the government.

Commenting on this, the leader of the revolution said: But we ignored this old talk; we ignored this outmoded logic. We have emerged from among these masses and tribes. Thus, rule will be for these masses, and we could not survive except among these masses. He added: Those who fear the masses are those who asked for help from foreign forces and brought foreign bases to their land and betrayed their people and countries. They have no confidence in the masses. We take more pride in one bastion such as Tarhunah than in a thousand foreign bases.

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ALGERIA

CABRAL DEPARTS AFTER TALKS WITH BOUMEDIENE

Algiers Domestic Service in Arabic 2000 GMT 13 Apr 76 LD

[Text] Luis Cabral, president of Guinea-Bissau, left Algiers this afternoon at the end of a 24-hour visit during which he had talks with President Houari Boumediene.

Luis Cabral pointed out in a statement to the press the complete identity of views of both sides with regard to all issues discussed. With regard to bilateral relations, he said that they are developing daily in all fields, as all the planned projects are being implemented.

In the press statement, Luis Cabral outlined the talks, which dealt with the international situation, he had with President Boumediene. He declared that the liberation of Angola and Mozambique is a valuable victory and constitutes an important step on the road leading to the liberation of southern Africa. With regard to the question of the Western Sahara, the president of Guinea-Bissau stressed the necessity of all African states supporting the struggling Sahara people in order to realize peace that respects the Sahara people's rights.

President Luis Cabral was seen off by Mahmoud Guennez, minister of war veterans, the ambassador of Guinea-Bissau to Algeria and the Algerian ambassador to Guinea-Bissau, representatives of diplomatic missions in Algiers, as well as representatives of the liberation organizations.

PRODUCTION AGREEMENT REACHED WITH POLAND

Algiers Domestic Service in French 2000 GMT 13 Apr 76 LD

[Text] An important agreement was signed in Algiers this morning between Algeria and Poland concerning several projects dealing with the production of animal, vegetable and forest products in Algeria.

MARITIME NAVIGATION ACCORD SIGNED WITH BRAZIL

Algiers Domestic Service in French 2000 GMT 13 Apr 76 LD

[Text] In Brasilia, Brazil and Algeria today concluded an agreement on transport and maritime navigation, which will make it possible to increase trade exchange between the two countries. The agreement was signed on the Algerian side by Rabah Bitat, minister of state in charge of transport, and on the Brazilian side by Azeredo da Silveira, minister of foreign affairs.

LIBYA

POLITICAL ASYLUM GRANTED TO PLANE HIJACKERS

Baghdad Domestic Service in Arabic 0400 GMT 14 Apr 76 JN

[Text] The Libyan Government last night approved the grant of political asylum to the three armed hijackers of the Philippine plane.

The UPI says this approval was made after a few hours of negotiations with the hijackers at Benghazi airport. The Philippine plane, which carried the hijackers and their hostages, landed in Libya yesterday at the end of its journey from Pakistan.

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He stressed the effectiveness and power of the masses in the march and expansion of the revolution. He said: Danger does not come from unleashing the power of the masses but from shackling them and relying on foreign forces. He reaffirmed that the Great 1 September Revolution is a popular revolution which considers the masses as a source of strength for it. The revolution has liberated the masses and broken their fetters. He said: The revolution has lived supported by the masses and will remain strong supported by the masses, God willing. He pointed out that the masses are threats to their enemies and to those who defy and betray them. They are threats to anyone who lets them down or misleads them. He said that the masses are loyal to and honest with any one who tells them the truth, has confidence in them and lives for them and among them.

The leader of the revolution asserted that the masses are intent on preserving their achievements when these achievements are theirs. The masses are then ready to crush anyone who tries to attack or harm them. He said: Here on the land of the Great 1 September Revolution there are popular achievements which have been made by the masses and for them. These achievements are tangible facts for the masses. For this reason, the masses will stand up to defend these achievements and to confront any one who would defy them.

Pointing to the Great 1 September Revolution's achievements and the gains of its masses, he said: The thousands of farms which are being reclaimed and the new villages and the tens of thousands of houses and schools which are being built every year by revolutionary will are for the masses and their sons. He pointed out that the military preparations and training, the building of the armed forces and the purchasing of modern weapons are for the masses and for the defense of their freedom and gains. He said: The reactionary regimes which attack us and engineer cheap and mean plots are doing this because they are enraged by what we are building here. They are upset by the victory of the masses in the Libyan Arab Republic and the industrial, agricultural and housing achievements of these masses. They are also enraged by this unique experiment in the world. They are enraged by your loud free voice, which is strong and has faith. They have (?continued) to engineer cheap and mean plots. Since these cheap regimes began the attacks with malice and envy, we say to them that there are only two roads in front of them: Either they will go back to the right path, to build unionist bridges and return to the road of the masses and the appeal of the great 1 September Revolution, or they will have to accept the challenge and battle in any field. Thus, we place before them two options.

He added: In challenging them and placing before them these options, we are relying on the faithful and aware masses who realize the reality of the revolution and its achievements and who realize what will happen in the future of the revolution. If they are depending on foreign forces in their challenge, we say to them that we depend on the masses and challenge them with these masses. We will see who in the end will decisively settle the conflict in the interests of [word indistinct]. He continued: We, brothers, challenge them with the masses, like these from Tarhunah who are massed here in the thousands. These (?tribes) of Tarhunah who are massed before me once faced the Italian troops when facist Italy was a great power, but the Italian troops were destroyed by these masses.

Concluding his address, the leader of the revolution stressed the power and effectiveness of the masses in the march of the revolution and in confronting its enemies.

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He said: We are facing the enemies of the revolution with such a bastion of the masses, the masses of Tarhunah, who are the owners of the real interests of the Great 1 September Revolution. This is the Tarhunah of young and old men and women. We will confront them with free masses who have faith. We will face them with bastions like this one, which consists of tens of thousands from the area of Tarhunah who believe in the future. Brothers always march forward and victory will be ours.

EGYPT REPORTEDLY CONTINUES ARRESTS OF OFFICERS

Tripoli Voice of the Arab Homeland in Arabic 2315 GMT 10 Apr 76 ID

[Excerpts] The Egyptian regime is continuing its campaign of arrests among military officers who have expressed their dissatisfaction with the authorities' attitude toward the policy on wages and As-Sadat's call for austerity.

Member of officers clashed [words indistinct] with 'Abd al-Ghani al-Jamasi, deputy prime minister and minister of war, over the extreme wealth of some classes when the rest of the Egyptian people are suffering from poverty.

Political observers expect President as-Sadat to charge these officers with treason in his speech to the workers on May Day. These officers have expressed their views frankly and strongly criticized the As-Sadat regime.

ECEVIT QUOTED ON GREATER LIBYAN-TURKISH TIES

Tripoli ARNA in English 1647 GMT 11 Apr 76 ID

[Text] Tripoli, IAR, April 11, ARNA--The Libyan-Turkish relations will witness a remarkable development in the future, Bulent Ecevit, the chairman of the People's Republican Party of Turkey has asserted, it was reported here today.

Ecevit said, in a statement issued by the press office of his party, that his meetings with Colonel Mu'ammarr al-Qadhafi, chairman of the Revolution Command Council and Major 'Abd as-Salam Jallud, member of the RCC and premier were useful.

Ecevit added that his meeting with Colonel al-Qadhafi was an opportunity to acquaint himself with the respected, faithful and wise personality, who gives great importance to Libyan-Turkish friendship.

He said that at his meeting in Tripoli it was emphasised that the relations between the General People's Congress and the People's Republican Party will witness active cooperation and this reflects a positive development in the brotherly relations between the two countries.

MOROCCO

MAURITANIA'S OULD DADDAH ARRIVES FOR TALKS

Rabat Domestic Service in Arabic 1300 GMT 13 Apr 76 ID

[Excerpts] His Excellency President Moktar Ould Daddah, president of the Maritanian Islamic Republic, arrived in Morocco this morning.

He was met at the airport by Prime Minister Ahmed Osman; Foreign Minister Dr Ahmed Iaraki; Information Minister Ahmad Taibi Benhima; Interior Minister Mohamed Haddou Echiguer; Public Works and Communications Minister Ahmed Tazi; Interior Secretary Driss Basri; Governor of Rabat and Basri 'Umar ibn Shasmi; and a number of high command officers of the Royal Armed Forces headed by Gen Idris ibn 'Isa, inspector general of the Royal Armed Forces.

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LIBYA

AUTHORITIES ASK HIJACKERS TO LEAVE COUNTRY

Tripoli ARNA in Arabic 1030 GMT 14 Apr 76 LD

[Text] Tripoli, 14 April--The hijacked Philippine plane landed at Baninah airport yesterday. The airport authorities stated that they were willing to refuel the plane and supply it with food in order to continue its flight to any other destination. The airport authorities added that they were not ready to receive the hijackers or their hostages. The hijackers refused to order the pilot to leave the airport and the plane is still in the airport.

Baninah airport sources have stated that the authorities insist that the plane and its occupants leave the airport and that if the hijackers reject this order, then the authorities will be forced to stop supplying the aircraft with food in order to force it to leave the airport.

Hostages, Hijackers Leave Plane

Tripoli Domestic Service in Arabic 1745 GMT 14 Apr 76 JN

[Text] After the airport authorities refused to allow the hijackers or their hostages to leave the hijacked Philippine plane and insisted that they leave the airport, the hijackers made threats to the effect that if they were not allowed to leave the plane and to surrender they would blow up the plane along with all those on it. In view of this situation, and for humanitarian reasons, the authorities concerned permitted all of the passengers to leave the plane and indicated that the hijackers must surrender with their weapons. The authorities [words indistinct] those who wish to leave the country [words indistinct] or the hostages to leave whenever they wish. They gave them every assistance and [words indistinct]. A Philippine Government envoy attended the stages of the talks between the airport authorities and the hijackers. The authorities concerned have begun to interrogate the hijackers.

AL-QADHDHAFI ADDRESSES 13 APRIL TARHUNAH RALLY

FBIS-MEA-76-74

Tripoli ARNA in English 1613 GMT 14 Apr 76 LD

[Text] Tripoli, IAR, April 14, ARNA--Tens of thousands of citizens from all walks of life yesterday proceeded from the town of Tarhunah, south-east of Tripoli, to Revolution Command Council headquarters here to declare adherence to and support for the Great First of September Revolution and its leader, Colonel Mu'ammarr al-Qadhdhafi. In a short speech to the mass rally, Col. al-Qadhdhafi said: "The reactionary regimes around us have only two alternatives: either to return to the path of right, which is the path of the masses, and build unitary bridges, or to accept the challenge and accept the battle in any field."

"We rely on the masses that marched in hundreds of thousands and tens of thousands--the masses that have pride in the past, trust in the present and believe in the future. But the collapsing regimes fear the masses and their marches, and for this reason they trembled when we declared the people's revolution and when we applied the principle of keeping the masses informed of everything and reposed authority in their hands," he added.

"They told us," he continued, "that it is dangerous to hand over authority to the masses, but we on the soil of the Great First of September Revolution have surpassed this thesis because the Great First of September Revolution is that of the masses; it lives with the masses and gets strength from the masses."

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Col. al-Qadhdhafi went on to say that the masses here moved in torrential marches to defend their achievements of thousands of farms, tens of thousands of houses, tens of schools, even the mobile schools which provide schooling to every citizen on this free land.

The reactionary regimes, he added, relied on foreign bases and influence to face the indignation of the people, and they will see who will decide the conflict in his favour? The revolutionary forces which rely on the masses or the collapsing regimes which rely on foreign bases and influence.

These masses of the Tarhouna tribes now jamming this place remind us of the day when our land was invaded by the fascist Italians over whom the masses gained victory, he concluded.

TRIPOLI DEMONSTRATORS DEFEND RCC POLICIES

Tripoli ARNA in Arabic 1530 GMT 14 Apr 76 LD

[Text] Tripoli, 14 April--A massive march by thousands of people from the popular sectors--merchants, factory workers, bank employees and tradesmen--took place in Tripoli this morning. The march proceeded from the premises of the Secretariat General of the General Popular Congress to the Revolution Command Council.

The demonstrators hailed the revolution and its creators and called for the downfall of traitors, reactionaries and those plotting against the Great 1 September Revolution, which is the hope of the Arab nation for liberation and unity. The marchers also denounced the agents of imperialism in Egypt and Tunisia and stressed the readiness of the masses to protect the revolution and its leaders so that it can proceed toward achieving the objectives of the Arab nation in freedom, socialism and unity. They called for cohesion with the toiling Arab people in Egypt and Tunisia so as to free the two fraternal countries from tyranny and oppression.

The merchants, factory workers, bank employees and tradesmen stressed that they are the shield protecting the whole Arab nation and that they are prepared to give and sacrifice so that the dens of treason may be destroyed.

University students also staged a major march in support of the gains of the revolution and of the people. The two processions then met and marched together in a major procession of a size never before seen in Tripoli.

This morning, in another popular march, merchants from the towns of Al-Khums and Misiatah took part. After marching through the streets of the two towns the procession proceeded to the Revolution Command Council in Tripoli. The marchers carried placards expressing their support and allegiance to the Great 1 September Revolution and condemning the frenzied propaganda campaigns by the trumpets of agency and reaction and the bats [as received] in Egypt and Tunisia.

NEW YOUTH ORGANIZATION SAID TO APPEAR IN TUNISIA

Tripoli ARNA in Arabic 1530 GMT 11 Apr 76 LD

[Text] Tripoli, 11 April--A new secret organization under the name of "The Youth of the Unionist Jerba Declaration" [Shabab 'Ahd Jerba al-Wahdawi] has appeared in Tunisia. This organization works for the unification of the popular efforts to revive the Jerba Declaration, which demanded the unification of the LAR and Tunisia. Another aim of this organization is the assertion of the Arabism of fraternal Tunisia and the call to use the Arabic language in all popular and official dealings. Slogans such as "Arabic is the language of the people" have recently appeared on the walls and in bus stations in Tunisia. Will the imitators of the Europeans read them?